

Translating Frontier Oncology Targets to *Outsmart Cancer*[™]

Corporate Overview Q2 2021 May 10, 2021



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For a further description of the risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from those anticipated in these forwardlooking statements, as well as risks relating to the business of Revolution Medicines in general, see Revolution Medicines' Annual Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 10, 2021, and its future periodic reports to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Except as required by law, Revolution Medicines undertakes no obligation to update any forwardlooking statements or other information contained herein to reflect new information, events or circumstances, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

This presentation concerns anticipated products that are under clinical investigation and which have not yet been approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). It is currently limited by Federal law to investigational use, and no representation is made as to its safety or effectiveness for the purposes for which it is being investigated.

Summary



Clinical-stage precision oncology company addressing multiple, large unmet needs in RAS-addicted cancers

• Systematic, focused, science-driven strategy



RAS(ON) Inhibitors target diverse oncogenic RAS variants via highly differentiated profiles

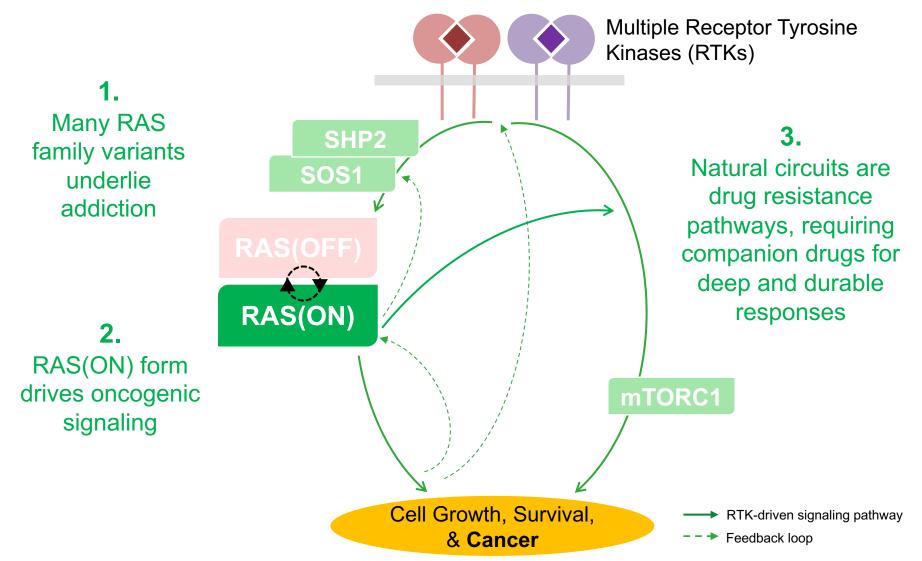
- RMC-6291 (KRAS^{G12C}) entered development
- **RMC-6236 (RAS^{MULTI})** entered development



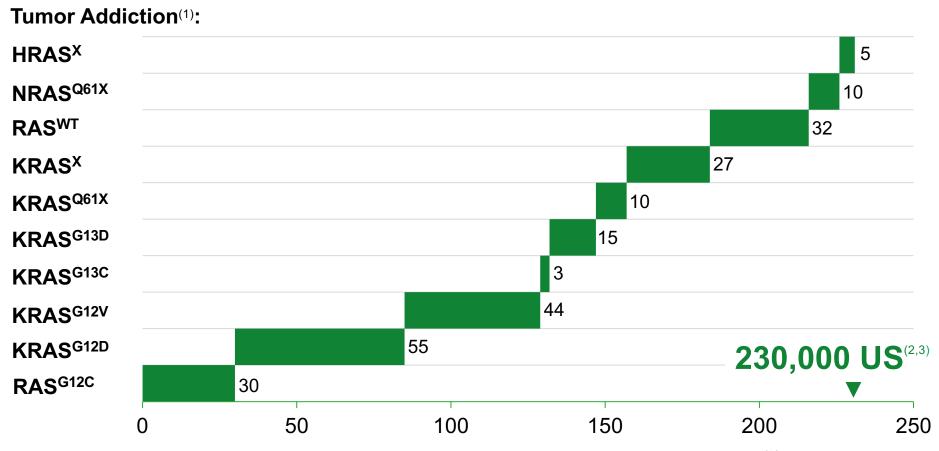
RAS Companion Inhibitors are potential backbones of targeted combinations to maximize clinical benefit

- RMC-4630 (SHP2) exhibits clinical activity, advancing in broad program
- RMC-5552 (mTORC1/4EBP1) entered clinic
- RMC-5845 (SOS1) entered development

RAS(ON) Proteins Cause Cancer, RAS Addiction and Drug Resistance



Targeted Therapies Needed for Common, Serious, Genetically-Defined RAS-Addicted Cancers



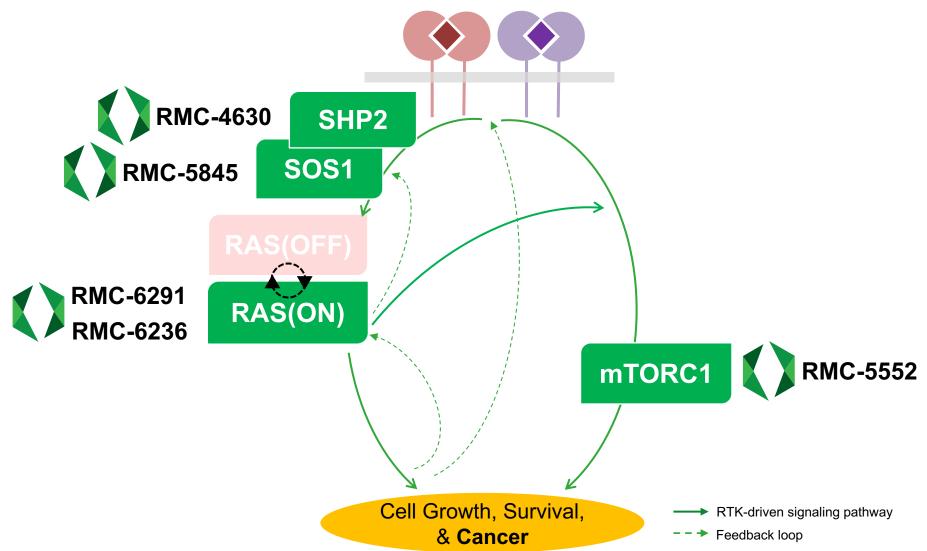
Estimated new diagnoses per year in US (1000s)⁽²⁾

(1) HRAS^X = all HRAS mutants; NRAS^{Q61X} X = H, K, L, R, P; RAS^{WT} = NF1^{LOF}, RAS^{WTamp}, BRAF^{class3,} and PTPN11^{MUT}; KRAS^X X = G12A, G12R, G12S and A146T; KRAS^{Q61X} X = H, K, L; RAS^{G12C} includes KRAS^{G12C} and NRAS^{G12C}

(2) Calculated using tumor mutation frequencies from Foundation Medicine Insights August 2020 and scaled to estimated patient numbers using cancer incidence from ACS Cancer Facts and Figures 2020. Includes 12 major types: non-small cell lung cancer, colorectal, pancreatic adenocarcinoma, renal, gastroesophageal, head and neck squamous cell, ovarian and biliary cancers, acute myeloid leukemia, and advanced melanoma, bladder and uterine/endometrial cancers causing mortality.

(3) Est. worldwide annual incidence of RAS-mutated cancers is 3.4 million per Prior et al., Cancer Research 2020

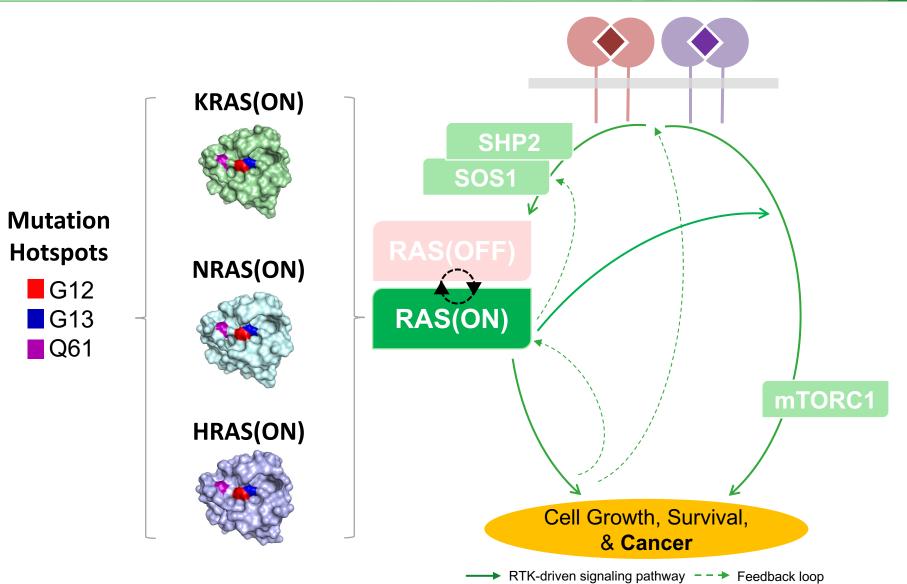
Strategic, Development-Stage Pipeline Targets Key Drivers of RAS Addiction and Resistance



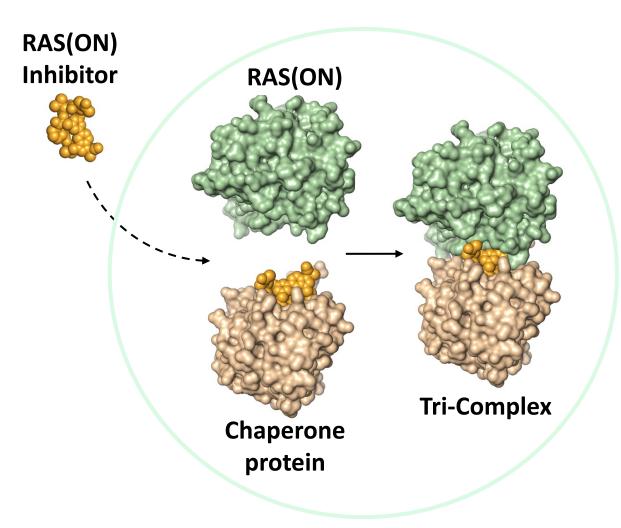
RAS(ON) Inhibitors

- RMC-6291 (KRAS^{G12C})
- RMC-6236 (RAS^{MULTI})

Numerous RAS(ON) Variants Drive Cancer and RAS-Mediated Adaptive Resistance

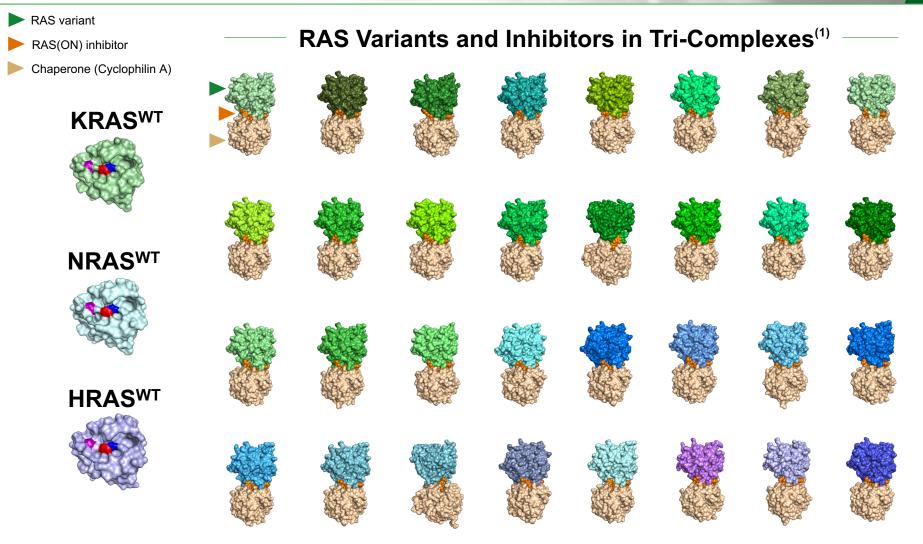


RAS(ON) Inhibitors Block Signaling and Offer Potential Clinical Benefits



- Compelling mono and combination anti-tumor activity in preclinical *in vivo* models
- Predicted clinical benefits: range of sensitive tumor types, response rate, depth and/or duration of antitumor impact
- Proven reach to broad range of oncogenic RAS variants

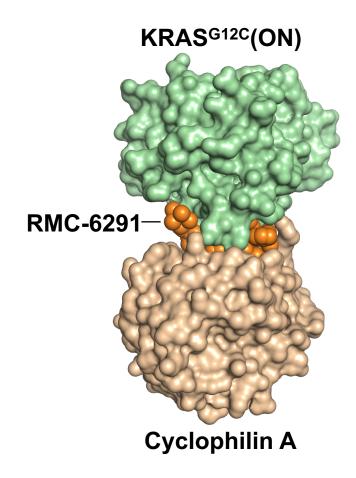
RAS(ON) Inhibitors for Variants Driving Vast Majority of RAS-Addicted Cancers



RVMD research

(1) Examples of surface representations of high-resolution co-crystal structures of RAS(ON) tri-complexes from RVMD collection. Some inhibitors are active against more than one RAS variant.

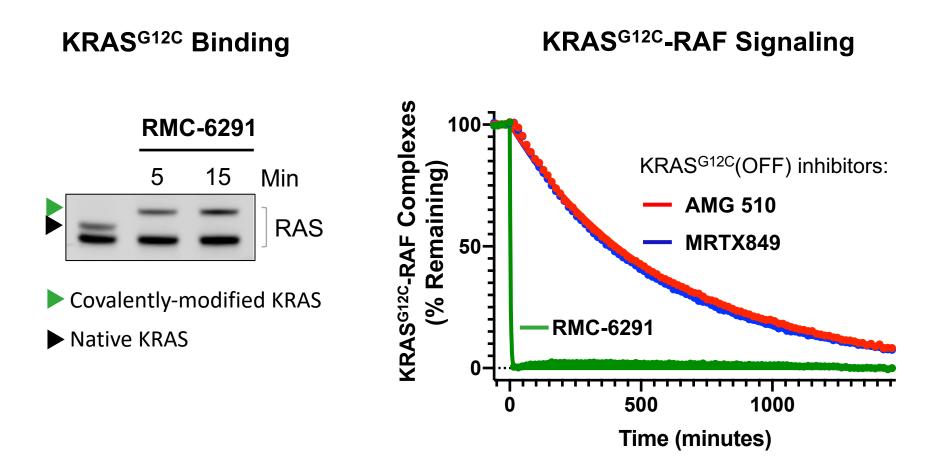
RMC-6291: First-in-Class, Potent, Oral and Selective Tri-Complex Inhibitor of KRAS^{G12C}(ON)



Potency for Tumor Cell Inhibition

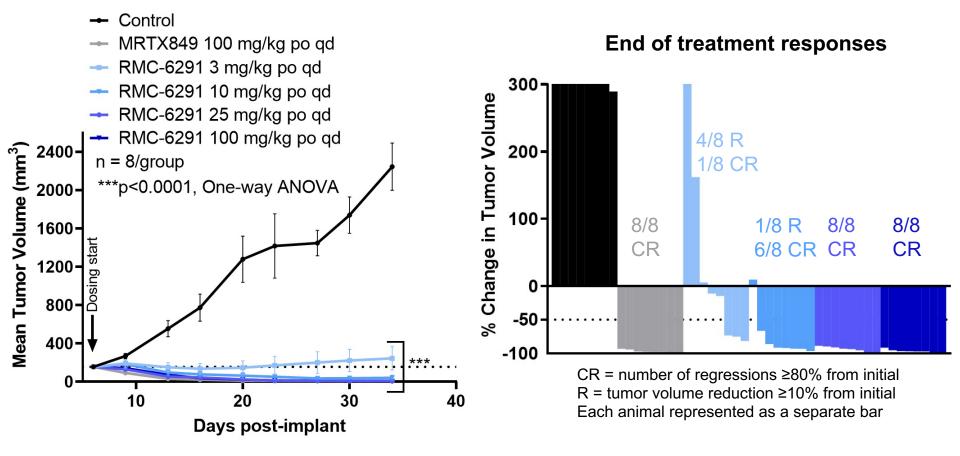
pERK (NCI-H358, IC ₅₀ , nM) ⁽¹⁾	0.7
CTG (NCI-H358, IC50, nM)	0.09
Target Selectivity and Safety	
Covalent bond: kinact/Ki	> 20,000
Selectivity Over RAS-independent cell Over RAS^{WT}-dependent cell Off-target safety panel and cysteinome screen	> 1000X > 1000X Low Risk
PK/ADME	
Oral %F (multiple species)	33-60
Metabolic clearance (hepatocytes, multiple species)	Low to Moderate

RMC-6291 Cellular Signature: Rapid Binding and Immediate Termination of RAS Signaling



RMC-6291: Deep Regressions of KRAS^{G12C} NSCLC Xenografts

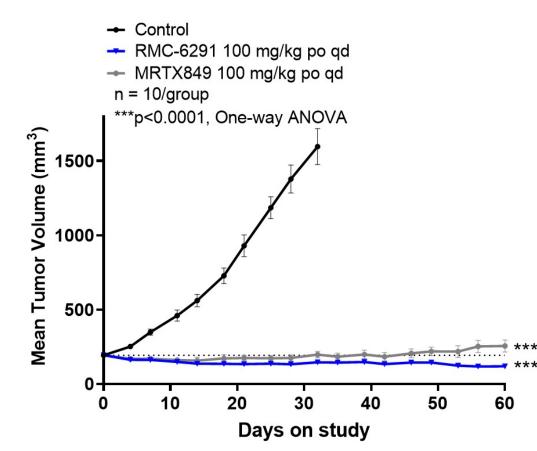
NCI-H358 CDX (NSCLC, KRAS^{G12C/WT})



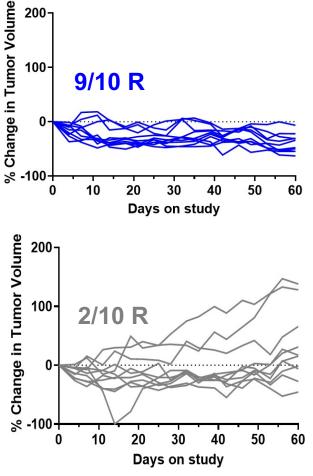
RVMD preclinical data All treatments well tolerated CDX = cell line-derived xenograft NSCLC = Non-small cell lung cancer

RMC-6291: Durable Regressions of KRAS^{G12C} NSCLC Patient-Derived Xenografts





RVMD preclinical research All treatments well tolerated PDX = patient-derived xenograft NSCLC = Non-small cell lung cancer

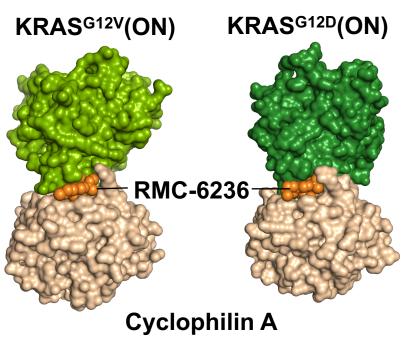


R = number of regressions ≥10% from initial Each animal represented as a single line **14**

RMC-6291: Best-in-Class Preclinical Profile Predicts Best-in-Class Clinical Profile

RMC-6291 Status IND-enabling development Preclinical RAS(ON) binding and mechanism of action Subnanomolar potency Dual selectivity for KRAS^{G12C}/NRAS^{G12C} Deep and durable responses in vivo Clinical IND submission projected 1H2022 • Superiority thesis: Range of sensitive tumor types, response rate, depth and/or duration Beneficial combinations with RAS **Companion Inhibitors**

RMC-6236: First-in-Class, Potent, Oral, RAS-Selective Tri-Complex RAS^{MULTI}(ON) Inhibitor



Potency for Tumor Cell Inhibition	
pERK (RAS-dependent, IC ₅₀ , nM) ⁽¹⁾	0.4-3
CTG (RAS-dependent, IC ₅₀ , nM) ⁽¹⁾	1-27
Target Selectivity and Safety	
Selectivity Over RAS-independent cells⁽²⁾ 	> 1000X
Off-target safety panel	Low Risk
PK/ADME	
Oral %F (multiple species)	24-33
Metabolic clearance	Low to Moderate

(hepatocytes, multiple species)

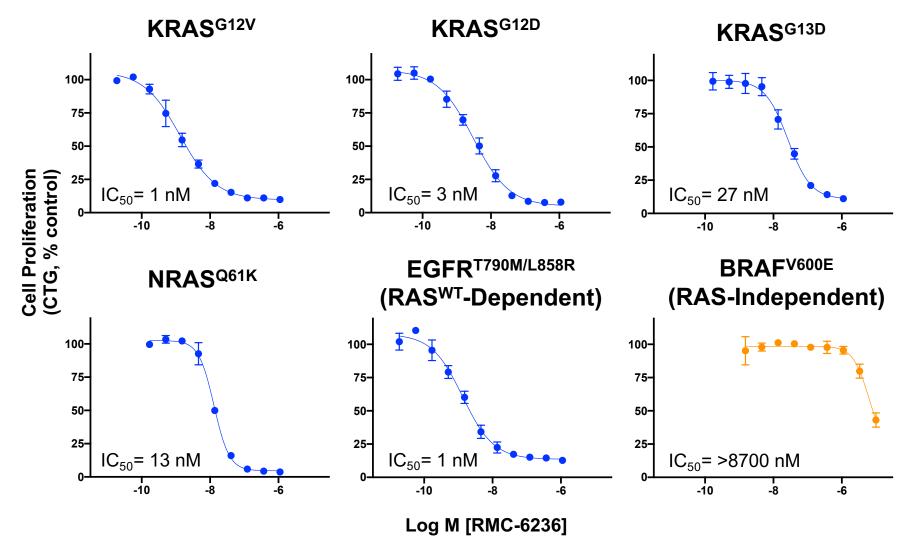
Low to Moderate

RVMD preclinical research

(1) Range reflects sensitivities across multiple RAS-variant cell lines

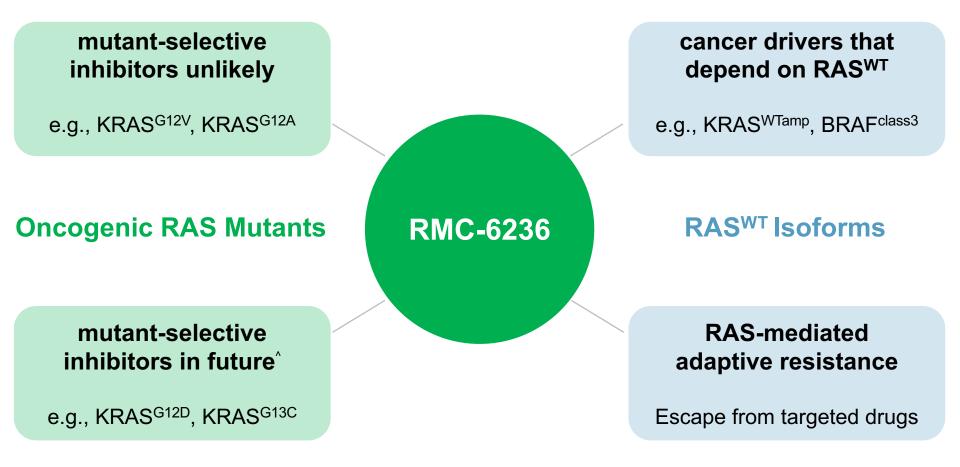
(2) Ratio based on cell growth assays with cell line bearing KRAS^{G12V} mutation

RMC-6236: Potent and Selective Inhibitor of Diverse RAS-Dependent Tumor Cell Lines

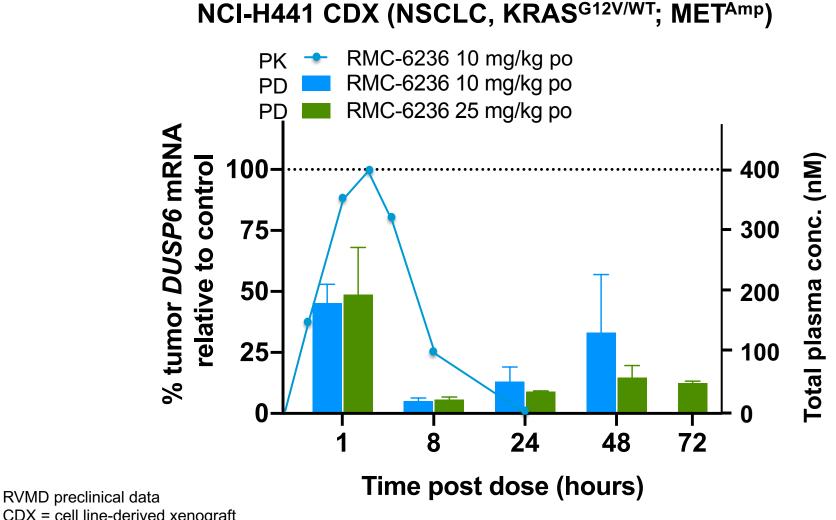


Examples from RVMD preclinical research

Numerous Unmet Needs in RAS-Addicted Cancers May be Served by a RAS^{MULTI} Inhibitor



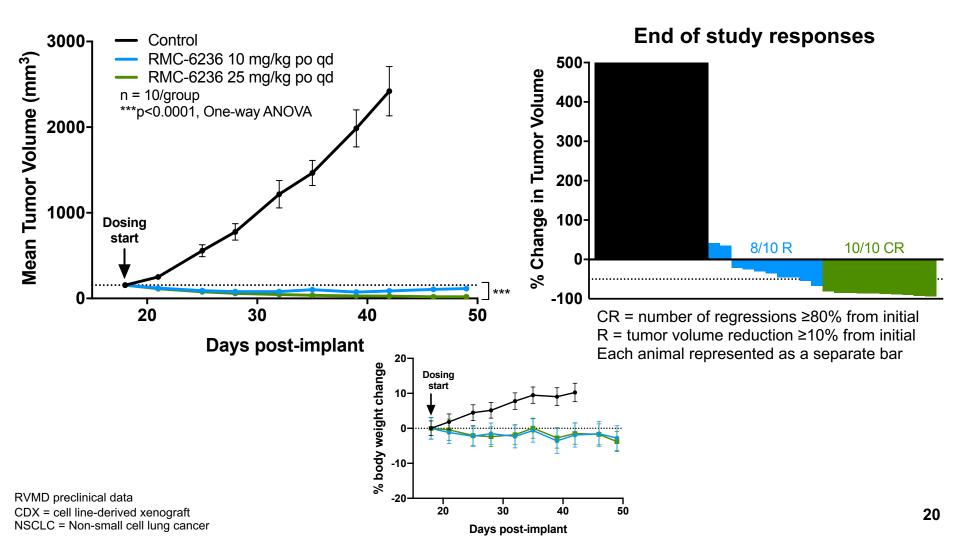
RMC-6236: Single Dose Induced Deep and Sustained RAS Pathway Inhibition *in Vivo*



CDX = cell line-derived xenograft NSCLC = Non-small cell lung cancer

RMC-6236: Deep Regressions of KRAS^{G12V} NSCLC Xenografts; Well Tolerated

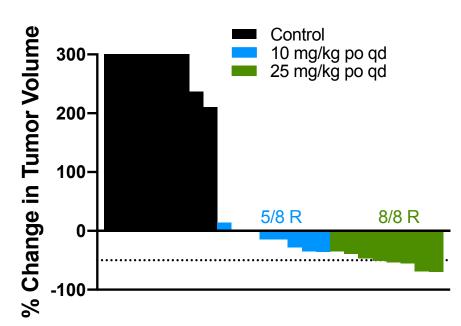
NCI-H441 CDX (NSCLC, KRAS^{G12V/WT}; MET^{Amp})



RMC-6236: Deep Regressions of KRAS^{G12V} Pancreatic and Colorectal Cancer Xenografts

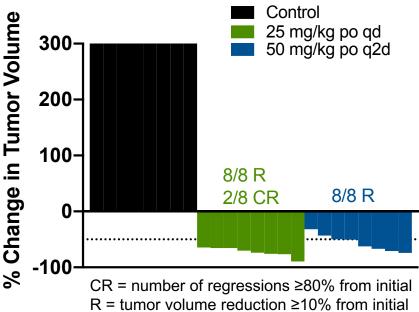
Capan-2 CDX (PDAC, KRAS^{G12V/WT})

SW403 CDX (CRC, KRAS^{G12V/WT})



End of study responses

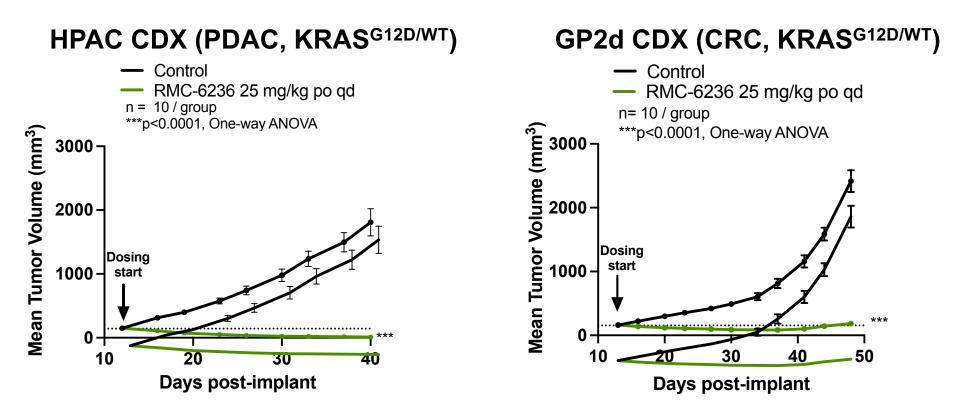
End of study responses



R = tumor volume reduction ≥10% from initial Each animal represented as a separate bar

RVMD preclinical data All treatments well tolerated CDX = cell line-derived xenograft PDAC = pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma CRC = colorectal cancer

RMC-6236: Anti-Tumor Activity in KRAS^{G12D} Pancreatic and Colorectal Cancer Xenografts



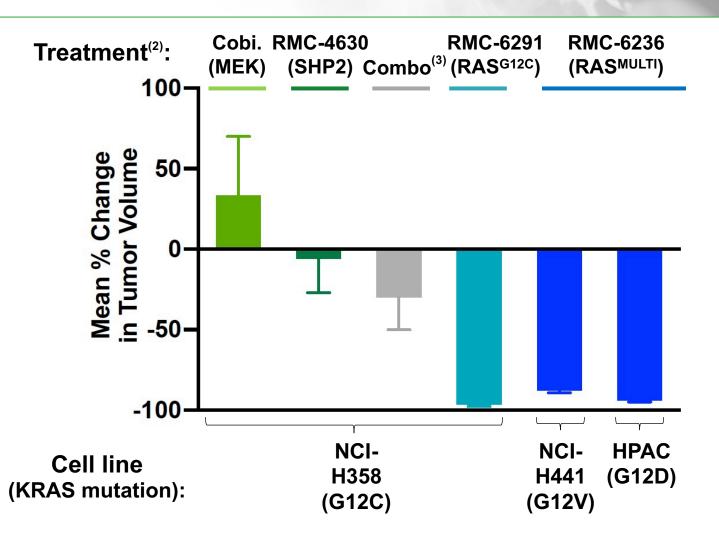
RVMD preclinical research All treatments well tolerated

CDX = cell line-derived xenograft

PDAC = Pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma

CRC = colorectal cancer

Best Responses of RAS^{MUTANT} Tumor Xenografts with Tolerated⁽¹⁾ Treatment Regimens



RVMD preclinical data aggregated from representative experiments; n= 9-10 per group; error bars are SEM

(1) All body weights at end of treatment were within +/-10% of starting weights

(2) Doses (po.): Cobi. (cobimetinib) - 2.5 mg/kg/day; RMC-4630 - 30 mg/kg/day; RMC-6291 - 100 mg/kg/day; RMC-6236 - 25 mg/kg/day

(3) Combo: Cobi. (cobimetinib) - 2.5 mg/kg/day + RMC-4630 - 30 mg/kg/day

RMC-6236: Predicted to Serve Multiple, Large Unmet Needs Based on Preclinical Profile

RM	C-6236

Status

Preclinical

Clinical

- IND-enabling development
- RAS(ON) binding and mechanism of action
- Low nanomolar potency
- Selective for RAS family
- Deep and durable responses in vivo
- IND submission projected 1H2022
- Broad thesis:
 - Sensitivity of numerous RAS genotypes across multiple patient segments
 - Beneficial combinations with RAS Companion Inhibitors

Parallel Product Strategy for RAS(ON) Inhibitors

	Development Candidate	RAS(ON) Target	Lead Status
	RMC-6291	KRAS ^{G12C} /NRAS ^{G12C}	
		KRAS ^{G12V}	
		KRAS ^X	
		NRAS ^{Q61X}	
		HRAS ^X	
	RMC-6236	RAS ^{WT}	
		KRAS ^{G12D}	Lead Op.
		KRAS ^{G13C}	Lead Op.
RAS ^{MUTANT} -sel	ective	KRAS ^{G13D}	
RASMULTI		KRAS ^{Q61H}	
HRAS ^x = all HRAS mutar	nts;		

NRAS^{Q61X} X = H, K, L, R, P;

KRAS^{Q61X} X = H, K, L

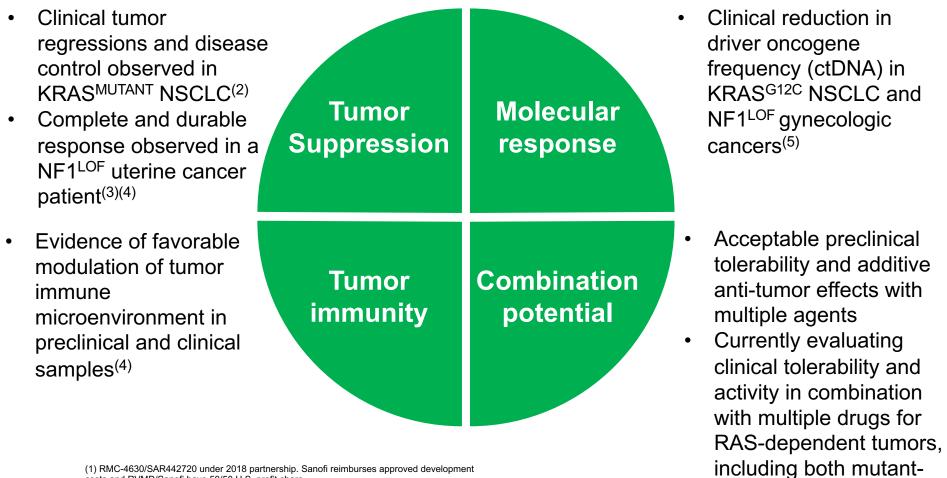
RAS^{WT} = NF1^{LOF}, RAS^{WTamp}, BRAF^{class3,} and PTPN11^{MUT};

KRAS^X X = G12A, G12R, G12S and A146T;

RAS Companion Inhibitors

- RMC-4630 (SHP2)
- RMC-5552 (mTORC1/4EBP1)
- RMC-5845 (SOS1)

Initial Evidence that RMC-4630 (SHP2) is an Active Anti-Tumor Drug Candidate⁽¹⁾



(1) RMC-4630/SAR442720 under 2018 partnership. Sanofi reimburses approved development costs and RVMD/Sanofi have 50/50 U.S. profit share.

(2) Koczywas et al. American Association for Cancer Research Annual Meeting 2021, Virtual Meeting I; April 10-15, 2021. Presentation LB001. (3) Kelsey. 2nd Annual RAS-Targeted Drug Development Conference; September 14-16, 2020.

(4) Chen et al. American Association for Cancer Research Annual Meeting 2021, Virtual Meeting I; April 10-15, 2021. Poster LB050.

(5) Haves et al. American Association for Cancer Research Annual Meeting 2021, Virtual Meeting I; April 10-15, 2021. Poster LB054. ctDNA = circulating tumor DNA

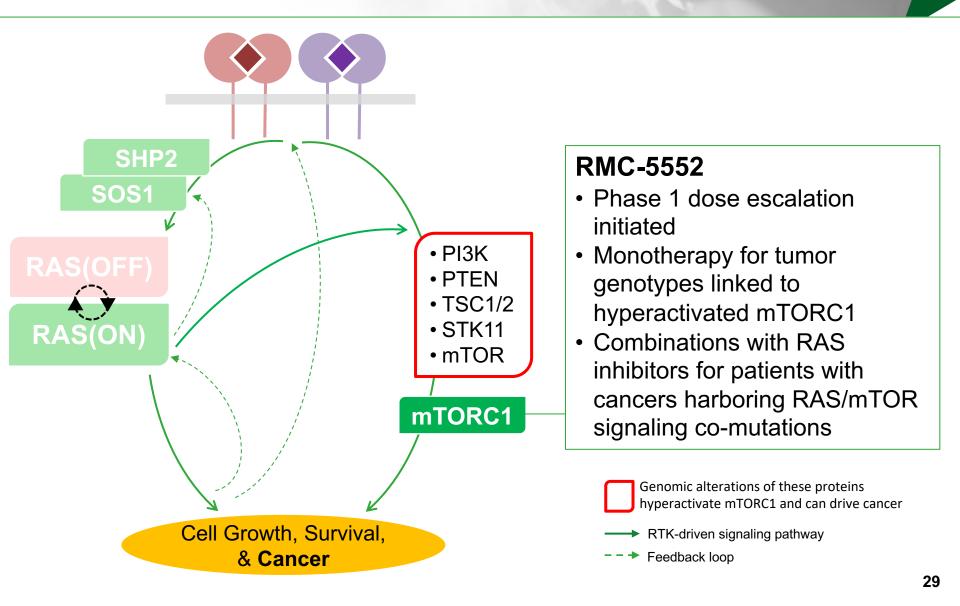
selective and non-

mutant-selective agents

Central Clinical Thesis: RMC-4630 as Backbone for Rational, Mechanism-Based Combinations

RMC-4630 Combination Strategies		Compound	Collaborator	
"Clamp" RAS	MEK inhibitors	cobimetinib (Cotellic®)	Roche Ph 2 ⁽¹⁾	
Pathway	ERK inhibitors	LY-3214996	NETHERLANDS CANCER INSTITUTE	
Mutant- Selective Inhibitors RTK inhibitors	sotorasib	AMGEN Ph 1b		
	ТВА	AstraZeneca		
	RTK inhibitors	osimertinib (Tagrisso [®])	Ph 1b ⁽¹⁾	
Immune	Checkpoint inhibitors	pembrolizumab (Keytrud	a®) SANOFI Ph 1b	

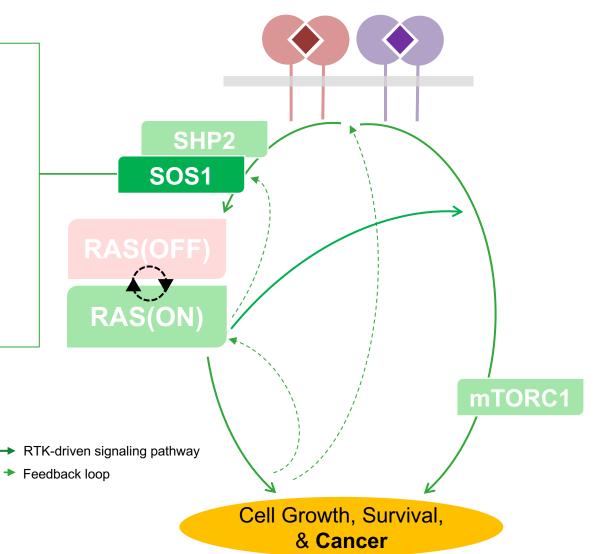
RMC-5552: Potent, Selective Inhibitor of Hyperactivated mTORC1 Signaling in Cancer



RMC-5845: Potent, Selective, Oral Inhibitor of SOS1, a Major Switch for RAS(OFF) to RAS(ON)

RMC-5845

- IND-enabling development
- Selective inhibitor of SOS1 over SOS2
- Suppresses switch from RAS(OFF) to RAS(ON)
- Well tolerated preclinically
- For select combination therapies for certain genetically-defined tumors



Expansive and Strategic RVMD Pipeline of Targeted Drugs to Defeat RAS-Addicted Cancers

Target	Lead Op ⁽¹⁾	IND- Enabling	Clinical Phase 1	Clinical Phase 2	Clinical Phase 3
RAS(ON) Inhibitors					
KRAS ^{G12C} (RMC-6291) ⁽²⁾					
RAS ^{MULTI} (RMC-6236)					
KRAS ^{G13C}					
KRAS ^{G12D}					
RAS Companion Inhibitors					
SHP2 (RMC-4630) ⁽³⁾					OFI
mTORC1/4EBP1 (RMC-5552)					
SOS1 (RMC-5845)					

(1) Entry into Lead Optimization stage requires drug-like molecules exhibiting preclinical *in vivo* activity

(2) RMC-6291 inhibits both KRAS^{G12C}(ON) and NRAS^{G12C}(ON)

(3) Expansion of the RMC-4630 + cobimetinib portion of RMC-4630-02 study at the recommended Phase 2 dose and schedule represents Phase 2 in this chart

Corporate Milestones

Milestone	Expected
 RAS(ON) Inhibitors KRAS^{G12C}/NRAS^{G12C} (RMC-6291) Submit IND RAS^{MULTI} (RMC-6236) Submit IND Nominate third Development Candidate 	1H22 1H22 2H21
 RAS Companion Inhibitors SHP2 (RMC-4630) RMC-4630 monotherapy dose escalation safety data set Selection of combination dose for further testing of RMC-4630 + sotorasib Preliminary safety and clinical activity data for RMC-4630 + cobimetinib expansion cohorts in KRAS^{MUTANT} CRC RP2DS for further testing of RMC-4630 + pembrolizumab Initial tolerability and PK data for RMC-4630 + osimertinib 	2H21 2022 1H21 2H21
 mTORC1/4EBP1 (RMC-5552) Start dosing patients with monotherapy Initial safety, PK and single agent activity data SOS1 (RMC-5845) Submit IND 	✓ 2022 2H21

Financial Information



Financial PositionCash, cash equivalents and
marketable securities @ 3/31/2021\$681.6M⁽¹⁾

(1) Includes proceeds from the February 2021 public offering of common stock, whereby the Company issued and sold 6.7 million shares of its common stock at a price of \$45.00 per share for net proceeds of \$281 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses.

Financial Guidance

2021 GAAP net loss of \$170 million to \$190 million⁽²⁾

(2) Includes non-cash stock-based compensation of \$20 million to \$25 million.

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